

Hypopigmented Mycosis Fungoides: A Clinicopathological Study of 10 Patients From Jordan (Middle East)

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ABSTRACT

Background: Hypopigmented mycosis fungoides (HMF) is a recognized variant of Mycosis fungoides (MF) that resembles several inflammatory dermatoses. Clinical and histopathological features of HMF must be well-characterized to ensure early recognition, especially that such information is lacking in Jordan.

Methods: We retrospectively reviewed medical records of 10 HMF patients, from 2015 to 2022. Clinical and histopathological features were extracted, reviewed, and summarized.

Results: Our cohort comprised 6 males and 4 females. Male: female ratio 3:2. Mean age at diagnosis was 21.2. The most common location was the trunk. Half reported mild itching. All were treated with NB-UVB ,90% achieved a complete response to treatment, one lost follow up.

All biopsy specimens displayed hyperkeratosis, epidermal hyperplasia, mild superficial dermal perivascular lymphoid infiltrate, and disproportionate spongiosis. Lining of atypical lymphocytes at the dermal-epidermal junction was encountered in 90% and papillary dermal fibrosis in 60%. Immunohistochemical staining was performed on 7 specimens, with 57.1% CD8 predominance and 42.8% CD4 predominance.

Conclusion: HMF in the Jordanian population shares histopathological and clinical features with published reports. Our report emphasizes the importance of obtaining a skin biopsy when considering HMF. A common theme was the variability in latency periods before diagnosis emphasizing the delay in diagnosis. Further data and techniques must be studied and integrated to ensure timely diagnosis.

Keywords: Mycosis fungoides, hypopigmented mycosis fungoides, Cutaneous Lymphoma, T- Cell, Jordanian population

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